# **Direct Connect**

# **FAQ**

Issue 01

**Date** 2025-01-22





### Copyright © Huawei Cloud Computing Technologies Co., Ltd. 2025. All rights reserved.

No part of this document may be reproduced or transmitted in any form or by any means without prior written consent of Huawei Cloud Computing Technologies Co., Ltd.

#### **Trademarks and Permissions**

HUAWEI and other Huawei trademarks are the property of Huawei Technologies Co., Ltd. All other trademarks and trade names mentioned in this document are the property of their respective holders.

#### **Notice**

The purchased products, services and features are stipulated by the contract made between Huawei Cloud and the customer. All or part of the products, services and features described in this document may not be within the purchase scope or the usage scope. Unless otherwise specified in the contract, all statements, information, and recommendations in this document are provided "AS IS" without warranties, quarantees or representations of any kind, either express or implied.

The information in this document is subject to change without notice. Every effort has been made in the preparation of this document to ensure accuracy of the contents, but all statements, information, and recommendations in this document do not constitute a warranty of any kind, express or implied.

# **Contents**

1 Popular Questions	1
1.1 What Are the Network Requirements for Connections?	1
1.2 What Locations Are Available for Direct Connect?	1
1.3 How Do I Select a Carrier When Purchasing a Connection?	6
1.4 How Will I Be Billed for Direct Connect?	6
1.5 How Do I Submit a Service Ticket?	8
1.6 How Do I Test the Network Connectivity Between a Location and the Cloud?	9
1.7 What Do I Do If I Select the Wrong Carrier When Creating a Connection?	9
2 Product Consultation	.11
2.1 What Are the Network Requirements for Connections?	11
2.2 What Are 1GE and 10GE?	. 11
2.3 What Locations Are Available for Direct Connect?	12
2.4 Is BGP Routing Supported in Direct Connect?	16
2.5 What Is Full-Service Installation Statement?	16
2.6 How Do I Submit a Service Ticket?	17
2.7 What Are the Network Latency and Packet Loss Rate of a Connection?	. 18
2.8 Are the Uplink and Downlink Bandwidths of a Direct Connect Connection the Same?	. 19
2.9 What Do I Do If I Select the Wrong Carrier When Creating a Connection?	
2.10 How Do I Plan the VPCs for a New Connection?	19
2.11 What Are Local and Remote Gateways (Interconnection IP Addresses)?	
2.12 How Do I Configure BFD for a Connection?	. 20
3 Leased Line	25
3.1 How Long Does It Take to Establish Connectivity Between an On-premises Data Center and the Cloud?	. 25
3.2 How Do I Select a Carrier When Purchasing a Connection?	. 25
3.3 What Should I Consider When Connecting My On-Premises Data Center to the Cloud Using Direct Connect?	25
4 Interconnection with the Cloud	.27
4.1 Can I Access the Same VPC over Multiple Connections?	27
4.2 How Do I Plan the CIDR Blocks for a Connection?	27
4.3 What Should I Consider When I Use Direct Connect to Access the Cloud?	
4.4 Does Direct Connect Support NAT?	. 27
4.5 Can the VLAN of the On-premises Network Be Used in the VPC Through Direct Connect?	28

FAQ	Contents
-----	----------

4.6 Can My On-Premises Data Center Access Multiple VPCs Through One Connection?	
4.7 Can Direct Connect Be Used with Similar Services of Other Cloud Service Providers?	28
5 Networking and Scenarios	29
5.1 Can Multiple Connections Access the Same VPC?	29
5.2 Can My On-Premises Data Center Access Multiple VPCs Through One Connection?	29
5.3 Can Direct Connect Be Used with Similar Services of Other Cloud Service Providers?	29
5.4 Can I Limit the Bandwidth Available on Each Hosted Connection?	29
5.5 How Do I Plan the VPCs for a New Connection?	30
6 Related Console Operations	31
6.1 How Do I Submit a Service Ticket?	31
6.2 How Can I Unsubscribe from Direct Connect?	32
6.3 What Parameters Can Be Modified After I Have Created a Virtual Interface?	32
6.4 Do I Need to Delete the Virtual Gateway and Virtual Interface Before Deleting a Hosted Cor	
6.5 How Do I Change the Routing Mode of a Connection?	
6.6 How Do I Delete a Hosted Connection?	
6.7 What Is the BGP ASN Used by Huawei Cloud?	
6.8 What Are Local and Remote Gateways (Interconnection IP Addresses)?	
7 Troubleshooting	35
7.1 What Are Common Troubleshooting Methods for Direct Connect?	
7.2 How Do I Test the Network Connectivity Between a Location and the Cloud?	
8 Billing	37
8.1 How Will I Be Billed for Direct Connect?	
8.2 Can I Renew My Connections?	
8.3 How Can I Unsubscribe from Direct Connect?	
8.4 Is a Connection Still Available After Being Frozen?	39
8.5 Can I Unsubscribe from a Connection in the Creating State?	40
8.6 Can I Change the Port Type After a Connection Is Created?	40
9 Resource Monitoring	41
9.1 How Do I Monitor the Network Quality of a Direct Connect Connection?	41
9.2 What Are Direct Connect Metrics?	42
9.3 How Can I View Direct Connect Metrics?	44
10 Quota	45
10.1 What Are Resource Quotas of Direct Connect?	45
10.2 How Many Hosted Connections Can a Partner Create on an Operations Connection?	46

# Popular Questions

# 1.1 What Are the Network Requirements for Connections?

- Your on-premises network must use a single-mode fiber with a 1GE, 10GE, 40GE, or 100GE optical module to connect to the access device in Huawei Cloud. In addition, key parameters such as the LC, wavelength, and distance must be aligned with the Direct Connect location you select, for example, 1GE, LC, single-mode, 1310nm, 10 KM.
- Auto-negotiation for the port must be disabled. Port speed and full-duplex mode must be manually configured.
- 802.1Q VLAN encapsulation must be supported on all devices of the entire connection, including intermediate devices.
- Your device must support BGP and BGP MD5 authentication or static routing.
- (Optional) You can configure BFD on your network.
- The maximum transmission unit (MTU) supported at the physical layer cannot exceed 1,522 bytes (including 14-byte Ethernet header, 4-byte VLAN tag, 1,500-byte IP datagram, and 4-byte frame check sequence). The recommended value is 1,500.
- Private IP addresses are recommended for cloud and on-premises servers, and the IP address ranges used for communications cannot overlap.

### 1.2 What Locations Are Available for Direct Connect?

A Direct Connect location provides access to Huawei Cloud in a region. Before using Direct Connect to access Huawei Cloud, you need to obtain the details about each location.

Direct Connect provides a number of locations for you to choose from. You can request a port by creating a connection.

For more information, **submit a service ticket** or contact your Direct Connect manager.

Table 1-1 Direct Connect locations in China

Region	Location	Carrier	Address
CN North-Beijing4	Beijing-Yatai	Neutral	Beijing Yatai
	Beijing- Jiuxianqiao	Dr. Peng	Beijing Universal Creative Park (UCP)
	Beijing-Huitian	Neutral	Beijing Huitian Cloud Industrial Park
	Beijing-Zhongjin	Neutral	Centrin Data in Beijing Economic- Technological Development Area
	Langfang- Wanguo	Neutral	Langfang GDS
	Langfang-Range	China Telecom	Langfang Range Information Port
	Langfang-Huawei	Huawei	Huawei production base in Langfang
	Wuhan-Wugang	Neutral	Wuhan Iron & Steel Data Industrial Park
	Wuhan-Huawei	Huawei	Wuhan Research Center
CN North- Ulanqab1	Ulanqab-Jining	Huawei	Ulanqab Huawei Data Center
	Ulanqab- Meiguiying	Huawei	Ulanqab Meiguiying Base
CN East- Shanghai1	Suzhou-Wanguo	Neutral	Suzhou GDS Data Center
	Suzhou-Guoke	China Unicom	SISDC
	Suzhou-Huawei	Huawei	Suzhou Research Center
	Suzhou-Kunhui	Neutral	Suzhou Kunhui Network
	Suzhou-Wujiang	China Mobile	Suzhou Mobile Data Center

Region	Location	Carrier	Address
	Shanghai- Wanguo	Neutral	Shanghai GDS Data Center
	Shanghai-Baoxin	China Mobile	Shanghai Baoxin Data Center
	Shanghai- Guanghuan	Neutral	Beijing Sinnet Data Center
	Hangzhou- Hanggang	Neutral	Hangzhou Iron & Steel Cloud Data Center
	Hangzhou- Huawei	Huawei	Hangzhou Research Center
CN East- Shanghai2	Shanghai- Wanguo	Neutral	Shanghai GDS Data Center
	Shanghai- Guanghuan	Neutral	Beijing Sinnet Data Center
	Shanghai-Baoxin	China Mobile	Shanghai Baoxin Data Center
CN East2	Wuhu–Jiangbei	Huawei	Wuhu Jiangbei Data Center
	Wuhu-Sanshan	Huawei	Wuhu Sanshan Data Center
	Wuhu-Zhijiao	Huawei	Wuhu Zhijiao Data Center
CN East-Qingdao	Qingdao- Hongdao	China Mobile	Hongdao Mobile Data Center
CN South- Guangzhou	Guangzhou- Yunpu	China Telecom	Guangzhou Yunpu Data Center
	Guangzhou- Huaxinyuan	Neutral	South China New Materials Innovation Park
	Guangzhou- Daxuecheng	Neutral	Guangzhou Higher Education Mega Center
	Guangzhou- Mingmei	China Unicom	Guangzhou Mingmei Electronics
	Guangzhou- Hualong	China Unicom	Weixin Innovation Industrial Park

Region	Location	Carrier	Address
	Shenzhen-Baode	Neutral	Shenzhen Guanlan High- Tech Park
	Shenzhen-Futian	Neutral	Futian Zhongpeng Cloud
	Shenzhen- Nanshan	Neutral	Nanshan SDGI
	Shenzhen-Yifeng	Neutral	Dianda Guyuan Industrial Park
	Dongguan- Tuanbowa	Huawei	Huawei Base (Dongguan Songshan Lake)
CN Southwest- Guiyang1	Chengdu-Huawei	Huawei	Huawei Chengdu Research Center
	Guiyang-Gui'an	China Mobile	Gui'an New Area Electron Information Industrial Park
	Guiyang-Qixinghu	Huawei	Gui'an Huawei Cloud Data Center
	Guiyang- Gaoduanyuan	Huawei	Guiyang-High-End Park
CN-Hong Kong	Hong Kong-Sha Tin	China Telecom	Sun Hung Kai Logistics Centre
	HK-Sai Kung- Mobile	China Mobile	China Mobile Global Network Center
	Hong Kong-Sai Kung-Global Switch	China Telecom	Global Switch
	HK-Tsuen Wan- MEGA	Neutral	MEGA

Table 1-2 Direct Connect locations outside China

Region	Location	Carrier
AP-Bangkok	Bangkok-NTT	NTT
	Bangkok-TRUE	TRUE

Region	Location	Carrier
AP-Singapore	Singapore-Equinix	Equinix
	Singapore-Global Switch	Global Switch
	Singapore-1Net	1-Net
	Singapore-Singtel	Singtel
	Singapore-Telin3	Telin
	Singapore-STT	STT
AP-Jakarta	Jakarta-DCI	DCI
	Jakarta-EDGE	EDGE
AP-Manila	Manila-GBP	Globe
	Manila-Digital Halo	Digital Halo
AF-Johannesburg	Nigeria-Lagos-Medallion	Medallion
	Johannesburg-IS Parklands	Internet Solutions Parklands
	Johannesburg-Teraco	Teraco
	Johannesburg-DPA	Vodacom
	Johannesburg-ADC	ADC
	Johannesburg-MTN	MTN
AF-Cairo	Cairo-Xceed	Xceed
LA-Mexico City1	Mexico-Ixtlahuaca	Ixtlahuaca
	Mexico-Tultitlan	KIO MEX 5
LA-Mexico City2	Mexico-Tultitlan	KIO MEX 5
	Mexico-Scala	Scala
LA-Sao Paulo1	Sao Paulo-Equinix	Equinix
	Sao Paulo-ODATA	OData
	Sao Paulo-Scala	Scala
	Sao Paulo-VIVO	Telefonica
LA-Lima1	Lima-TIC	Telefonica
LA-Santiago	Santiago-Paine	Paine
	Santiago-Claro	Claro
TR-Istanbul	TR-Istanbul	Turkcell

Region	Location	Carrier
	Istanbul-NGN	NGN
ME-Riyadh	Riyadh-STC Khurais	STC Khurais
	Riyadh-Remal	Remal

# 1.3 How Do I Select a Carrier When Purchasing a Connection?

- 1. Confirm which carriers are available at the Direct Connect location you select. Different locations may have different carriers available.
- 2. Select the one that best meets your requirements based on their price, network performance, and other features.

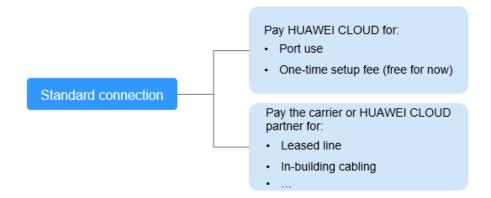
### 1.4 How Will I Be Billed for Direct Connect?

You can create a standard connection, which will give you exclusive access to the port. You can also request a hosted connection from a partner and share the port with other users.

### **Billed Items**

#### Standard connection

The following figure shows the items that you need to pay for a standard connection.



**Table 1-3** Standard connection pricing

Payee	Billed Item	Description	Payment Method
Huawei Cloud	Port	The port is billed based on its specifications.	Prepaid (yearly/ monthly subscription)
	One-time setup	Currently, the one-time setup is free.	-
Carrier or Huawei Cloud	Leased line	To connect your on-premises data center to the cloud, you need to lease a line from a carrier.	-
partner	In-building cabling	A fiber may be required for connecting your leased line to the equipment room at the Direct Connect location you select if the data center at the Direct Connect location is a carrier-neutral data center. You pay to the property of the neutral data center.	-

#### • Hosted connection

If you request a hosted connection from a Huawei Cloud partner, you share the port with other users and do not need to pay for one-time setup and the port to Huawei Cloud.

The following figure shows the billed items of a hosted connection.



Table 1-4 Hosted connection billing details

Payee	Billed Item	Description	Payment Method
Carrier or Huawei Cloud partner	Leased line	Your partner has established network connectivity with Huawei Cloud. You need to pay for the leased line to the partner.	-

For details, see **Product Pricing Details**.

### **Billing Mode**

Yearly/Monthly

### Changing Billing Mode

Only Yearly/Monthly billing is supported, and it cannot be changed.

#### Renewal

For details, see Renewal Management.

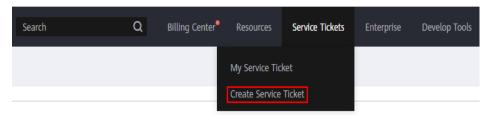
### **Expiration and Overdue Payment**

For details, see **Service Suspension and Resource Release** and **Payment and Repayment**.

### 1.5 How Do I Submit a Service Ticket?

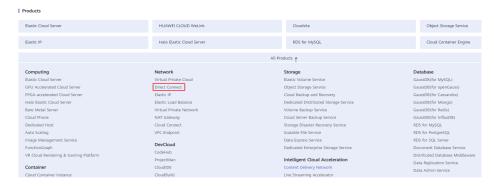
- 1. Log in to the management console.
- 2. In the upper right corner, choose **Service Tickets** > **Create Service Ticket**.

Figure 1-1 Service Tickets



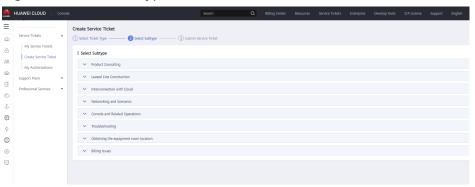
3. Choose More Products, and click Direct Connect under Network.

Figure 1-2 Direct Connect



4. Select the service ticket type.

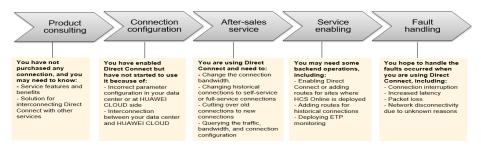
Figure 1-3 Select Subtype



#### **◯** NOTE

When you **submit a service ticket**, selecting a ticket type can accelerate problem handling.

Figure 1-4 Ticket types



# 1.6 How Do I Test the Network Connectivity Between a Location and the Cloud?

To test network connectivity between the location you select and the cloud, add the CIDR block where the local and remote gateways reside to the remote subnet you configure when creating the virtual interface, and then ping the IP address of the local gateway from a VM on the cloud.

If the test fails, check whether:

- The VM is in the VPC associated with the virtual gateway.
- The VM IP address is within the local subnet configured when you create the virtual gateway.
- Security group rules and network ACL rules of the VM allow traffic from the VM to the local gateway configured for the virtual interface.

# 1.7 What Do I Do If I Select the Wrong Carrier When Creating a Connection?

Your selection for the carrier does not affect the establishment of network connectivity.

If you want to change the carrier, you can unsubscribe from the created connection, create another one, and select the desired carrier.

# 2 Product Consultation

# 2.1 What Are the Network Requirements for Connections?

- Your on-premises network must use a single-mode fiber with a 1GE, 10GE, 40GE, or 100GE optical module to connect to the access device in Huawei Cloud. In addition, key parameters such as the LC, wavelength, and distance must be aligned with the Direct Connect location. Examples of optical module parameters: 1 GE, LC single-mode, 1,310 nm, and 10 km
- Auto-negotiation for the port must be disabled. Port speed and full-duplex mode must be manually configured.
- 802.1Q VLAN encapsulation must be supported on all devices of the entire connection, including intermediate devices.
- Your device must support BGP and BGP MD5 authentication or static routing.
- (Optional) You can configure BFD on your network.
- The maximum transmission unit (MTU) supported at the physical layer cannot exceed 1,522 bytes (including 14-byte Ethernet header, 4-byte VLAN tag, 1,500-byte IP datagram, and 4-byte frame check sequence). The recommended value is 1,500.
- Private IP addresses are recommended for cloud and on-premises servers, and the IP address ranges used for communications cannot overlap.

## 2.2 What Are 1GE and 10GE?

GE is short for Gigabit Ethernet.

1GE indicates 1 Gbit/s bandwidth, and 10GE indicates 10 Gbit/s bandwidth. They are the maximum bandwidth supported by the ports.

### 2.3 What Locations Are Available for Direct Connect?

A Direct Connect location provides access to Huawei Cloud in a region. Before using Direct Connect to access Huawei Cloud, you need to obtain the details about each location.

Direct Connect provides a number of locations for you to choose from. You can request a port by creating a connection.

For more information, **submit a service ticket** or contact your Direct Connect manager.

Table 2-1 Direct Connect locations in China

Region	Location	Carrier	Address
CN North-Beijing4	Beijing-Yatai	Neutral	Beijing Yatai
	Beijing- Jiuxianqiao	Dr. Peng	Beijing Universal Creative Park (UCP)
	Beijing-Huitian	Neutral	Beijing Huitian Cloud Industrial Park
	Beijing-Zhongjin	Neutral	Centrin Data in Beijing Economic- Technological Development Area
	Langfang- Wanguo	Neutral	Langfang GDS
	Langfang-Range	China Telecom	Langfang Range Information Port
	Langfang-Huawei	Huawei	Huawei production base in Langfang
	Wuhan-Wugang	Neutral	Wuhan Iron & Steel Data Industrial Park
	Wuhan-Huawei	Huawei	Wuhan Research Center
CN North- Ulanqab1	Ulanqab-Jining	Huawei	Ulanqab Huawei Data Center
	Ulanqab- Meiguiying	Huawei	Ulanqab Meiguiying Base

Region	Location	Carrier	Address
CN East- Shanghai1	Suzhou-Wanguo	Neutral	Suzhou GDS Data Center
	Suzhou-Guoke	China Unicom	SISDC
	Suzhou-Huawei	Huawei	Suzhou Research Center
	Suzhou-Kunhui	Neutral	Suzhou Kunhui Network
	Suzhou-Wujiang	China Mobile	Suzhou Mobile Data Center
	Shanghai- Wanguo	Neutral	Shanghai GDS Data Center
	Shanghai-Baoxin	China Mobile	Shanghai Baoxin Data Center
	Shanghai- Guanghuan	Neutral	Beijing Sinnet Data Center
	Hangzhou- Hanggang	Neutral	Hangzhou Iron & Steel Cloud Data Center
	Hangzhou- Huawei	Huawei	Hangzhou Research Center
CN East- Shanghai2	Shanghai- Wanguo	Neutral	Shanghai GDS Data Center
	Shanghai- Guanghuan	Neutral	Beijing Sinnet Data Center
	Shanghai-Baoxin	China Mobile	Shanghai Baoxin Data Center
CN East2	Wuhu–Jiangbei	Huawei	Wuhu Jiangbei Data Center
	Wuhu-Sanshan	Huawei	Wuhu Sanshan Data Center
	Wuhu-Zhijiao	Huawei	Wuhu Zhijiao Data Center
CN East-Qingdao	Qingdao- Hongdao	China Mobile	Hongdao Mobile Data Center
CN South- Guangzhou	Guangzhou- Yunpu	China Telecom	Guangzhou Yunpu Data Center

Region	Location	Carrier	Address
	Guangzhou- Huaxinyuan	Neutral	South China New Materials Innovation Park
	Guangzhou- Daxuecheng	Neutral	Guangzhou Higher Education Mega Center
	Guangzhou- Mingmei	China Unicom	Guangzhou Mingmei Electronics
	Guangzhou- Hualong	China Unicom	Weixin Innovation Industrial Park
	Shenzhen-Baode	Neutral	Shenzhen Guanlan High- Tech Park
	Shenzhen-Futian	Neutral	Futian Zhongpeng Cloud
	Shenzhen- Nanshan	Neutral	Nanshan SDGI
	Shenzhen-Yifeng	Neutral	Dianda Guyuan Industrial Park
	Dongguan- Tuanbowa	Huawei	Huawei Base (Dongguan Songshan Lake)
CN Southwest- Guiyang1	Chengdu-Huawei	Huawei	Huawei Chengdu Research Center
	Guiyang-Gui'an	China Mobile	Gui'an New Area Electron Information Industrial Park
	Guiyang-Qixinghu	Huawei	Gui'an Huawei Cloud Data Center
	Guiyang- Gaoduanyuan	Huawei	Guiyang-High-End Park
CN-Hong Kong	Hong Kong-Sha Tin	China Telecom	Sun Hung Kai Logistics Centre
	HK-Sai Kung- Mobile	China Mobile	China Mobile Global Network Center

Region	Location	Carrier	Address
	Hong Kong-Sai Kung-Global Switch	China Telecom	Global Switch
	HK-Tsuen Wan- MEGA	Neutral	MEGA

Table 2-2 Direct Connect locations outside China

Region	Location	Carrier
AP-Bangkok	Bangkok-NTT	NTT
	Bangkok-TRUE	TRUE
AP-Singapore	Singapore-Equinix	Equinix
	Singapore-Global Switch	Global Switch
	Singapore-1Net	1-Net
	Singapore-Singtel	Singtel
	Singapore-Telin3	Telin
	Singapore-STT	STT
AP-Jakarta	Jakarta-DCI	DCI
	Jakarta-EDGE	EDGE
AP-Manila	Manila-GBP	Globe
	Manila-Digital Halo	Digital Halo
AF-Johannesburg	Nigeria-Lagos-Medallion	Medallion
	Johannesburg-IS Parklands	Internet Solutions Parklands
	Johannesburg-Teraco	Teraco
	Johannesburg-DPA	Vodacom
	Johannesburg-ADC	ADC
	Johannesburg-MTN	MTN
AF-Cairo	Cairo-Xceed	Xceed
LA-Mexico City1	Mexico-Ixtlahuaca	Ixtlahuaca
	Mexico-Tultitlan	KIO MEX 5
LA-Mexico City2	Mexico-Tultitlan	KIO MEX 5

Region	Location	Carrier
	Mexico-Scala	Scala
LA-Sao Paulo1	Sao Paulo-Equinix	Equinix
	Sao Paulo-ODATA	OData
	Sao Paulo-Scala	Scala
	Sao Paulo-VIVO	Telefonica
LA-Lima1	Lima-TIC	Telefonica
LA-Santiago	Santiago-Paine	Paine
	Santiago-Claro	Claro
TR-Istanbul	TR-Istanbul	Turkcell
	Istanbul-NGN	NGN
ME-Riyadh	Riyadh-STC Khurais	STC Khurais
	Riyadh-Remal	Remal

## 2.4 Is BGP Routing Supported in Direct Connect?

Yes. Direct Connect allows you to use BGP for routing.

You can refer to the following best practices to see where BGP routing is required:

- Accessing a VPC over a Connection Through BGP Routes
- Accessing a VPC over Two Connections Through BGP Routes

## 2.5 What Is Full-Service Installation Statement?

Before creating a full-service connection, you need to read, have fully understood, and agreed to the content in the *Huawei Cloud Direct Connect Full-Service Installation Statement*.

The details are as follows:

#### 1. **Definition**

Full-service installation refers to the process where Huawei Cloud completes all work required to create a connection that links your premises to the cloud after you submit a request or pay for the order.

#### 2. Delivery and Acceptance

a. You are responsible for preparing the environment and completing inbuilding cabling (if any) in your on-premises data center to ensure that Huawei Cloud can enter the site and complete all required work. You shall bear the cost of the in-building cabling. The delay of service provisioning caused due to your reason will not be counted in the delivery time, and Huawei Cloud will not be responsible for the delivery.

b. After the service is enabled, Huawei Cloud will notify you of commissioning and acceptance. After receiving the notification, you shall complete the acceptance within three (3) working days. If the criteria are met, you shall verify the functions on the console and confirm the billing information. If the commissioning does not meet acceptable standards, continue commissioning until the service meets acceptance criteria. If you fail to confirm or raise any objection in writing within three working days after receiving the notification from Huawei Cloud, you are deemed to have agreed that the service has been enabled as required and that Huawei Cloud can start charging you for using the service.

#### c. Acceptance criteria:

- i. No packets are lost when your CE device is pinged from the Direct Connect gateway in the data center at the location you selected and 5000 packets are sent with each containing 1400 bytes.
- ii. The port bit error rate (BER) is less than ten to the negative seventh power  $(10^{-7})$ .

#### 3. Service Period and Termination

The service period of a full-service connection is one (1) year, starting from the date when billing starts. If you need to terminate the service in advance, Huawei Cloud will still charge you for the remaining service period.

#### 4. Availability

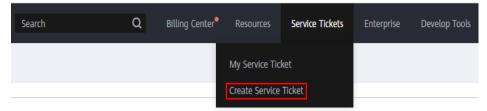
Huawei Cloud shall make reasonable commercial and technical efforts to ensure that the SLA of connections terminated at different locations reaches 99.95%. To ensure stable service running and high availability, you are advised to purchase multiple connections that are terminated at different locations. If you purchase a single Direct Connect connection or multiple Direct Connect connections terminated at one location, services may be affected due to a faulty connection, carrier cutover, or maintenance at the location. You must understand and accept the risk.

For more details, see the **Huawei Cloud Service Level Agreement**.

## 2.6 How Do I Submit a Service Ticket?

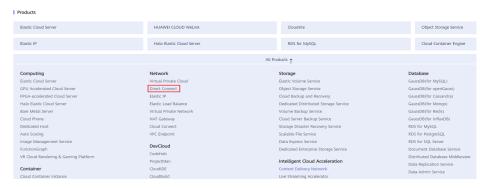
- 1. Log in to the management console.
- 2. In the upper right corner, choose **Service Tickets** > **Create Service Ticket**.

Figure 2-1 Service Tickets



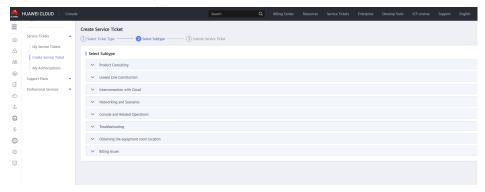
3. Choose More Products, and click Direct Connect under Network.

Figure 2-2 Direct Connect



4. Select the service ticket type.

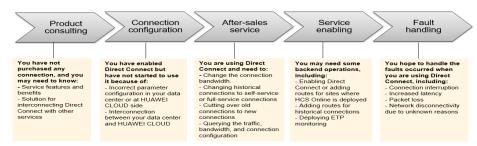
Figure 2-3 Select Subtype



#### 

When you **submit a service ticket**, selecting a ticket type can accelerate problem handling.

Figure 2-4 Ticket types



# 2.7 What Are the Network Latency and Packet Loss Rate of a Connection?

 You can install Direct Connect monitoring plug-ins to monitor the network quality of connections. There are two metrics: network latency and packet loss rate.

Direct Connect provides two monitoring plug-ins:

- dc-nqa-collector: monitors the connections requested on the Direct Connect console.
- history-dc-nga-collector: monitors historical connections.

For details, see Installing the Direct Connect Metric Collection Plug-ins.

#### ■ NOTE

- Automated connections are requested using the console and can be self-service or full-service connections. Each connection has at least a virtual gateway and a virtual interface, and their routes are automatically advertised. Connections in most regions are automated connections.
- Historical connections are requested by email or phone. They do not have virtual gateways and virtual interfaces, and their routes must be configured manually. Historical connections exist only in some regions.
- Contact the leased line provider to learn more about the network latency and packet loss rate of the line from the Direct Connect gateway to your onpremises data center.

View the actually monitored network latency and packet loss rate.

# 2.8 Are the Uplink and Downlink Bandwidths of a Direct Connect Connection the Same?

Yes

If you set the bandwidth to 100 Mbit/s, the uplink and downlink bandwidths are both 100 Mbit/s.

# 2.9 What Do I Do If I Select the Wrong Carrier When Creating a Connection?

Your selection for the carrier does not affect the establishment of network connectivity.

If you want to change the carrier, you can unsubscribe from the created connection, create another one, and select the desired carrier.

### 2.10 How Do I Plan the VPCs for a New Connection?

You have already connected your on-premises network to a VPC using a connection. To connect to a new VPC using a new connection, you need to perform the following operations:

- 1. Delete the virtual interface and virtual gateway created for the VPC in sequence.
  - a. Delete the virtual interface.
  - b. **Delete the virtual gateways**.
- 2. To connect to the new VPC, you need to create a virtual gateway and virtual interface for this VPC, and associate them with the new connection.

- a. Create a virtual gateway.
- b. Create a virtual interface.



The preceding operations will interrupt network connectivity.

# 2.11 What Are Local and Remote Gateways (Interconnection IP Addresses)?

- The local gateway provides an IP address used by the cloud to connect to your on-premises network. After you configure Local Gateway on the console, the IP address will be automatically delivered to the gateway used by the cloud.
- The remote gateway provides an IP address used by the on-premises data center to connect to the cloud. After you configure Remote Gateway on the console, you need to configure the IP address on the interface of the onpremises device.

### **A** CAUTION

The local and remote gateways must be in the same IP address range. You need to plan this IP address range by yourself. This IP address range cannot conflict with that used by your on-premises network. Generally, a subnet with a 30-bit mask is recommended.

## 2.12 How Do I Configure BFD for a Connection?

#### What Is BFD?

Bidirectional Forwarding Detection (BFD) is a network protocol designed to detect faults between two forwarding devices connected by a link.

### **Default BFD Configuration**

**Table 2-3** Default parameter settings

Parameter	Default Value
Global BFD	Disabled
Interval for sending BFD control packets	1,000 ms
Interval for receiving BFD control packets	1,000 ms

Parameter	Default Value
Local detection multiplier	3
WTR time	0
Delay before a BFD session becomes Up	0
Priority of BFD packets	7

### **BFD Support for Static Routing**

Unlike dynamic routing, static routes do not have a dedicated detection mechanism. If a fault occurs, static routes cannot detect the fault, and network administrators must delete the static route. With BFD, faults on static routes can be detected.

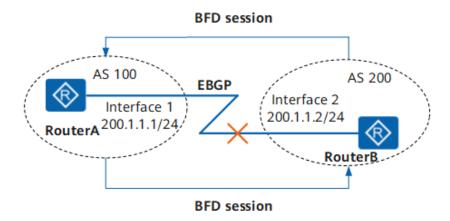
Each static route can be bound to a BFD session. When a BFD session bound to a static route detects a fault (for example, the link changes from Up to Down), BFD reports the fault to the routing management (RM) module, which then configures the route as inactive to indicate that the route is unavailable and will be deleted from the route table. When the BFD session bound to the static route is established or the link changes from Down to Up, BFD reports the event to the RM module, which then configures the static route as active to indicate that the route is available and will be added back to the route table.

### **BFD Support for BGP Routing**

BGP periodically sends Keepalive packets to its peers to detect faults. Detecting a fault using this mechanism takes more than 1 second. If traffic is transmitted at gigabit rates, a large number of packets will be lost. To avoid packet loss, BFD can be configured for BGP to rapidly detect faults on links between BGP peers and report the faults to BGP for fast BGP route convergence. **Table 2-4** lists the BGP convergence speeds.

Table 2-4 BGP convergence speeds

BFD Session Bound	Link Fault Detection Mechanism	Convergence Speed
Not bound	Keepalive packets	Within seconds
Bound	BFD session in the Down state	Within milliseconds



RouterA belongs to AS 100 and RouterB belongs to AS 200. An External Border Gateway Protocol (EBGP) connection is established between RouterA and RouterB. BFD monitors the status of the EBGP connection. When the link between RouterA and RouterB becomes faulty, BFD can quickly detect the fault and notify BGP.

### Verifying the BFD Configuration

You can run the following commands to view information about the configured BFD session.

- **display bfd interface** [interface-type interface-number]: Check the BFD-enabled interface.
- display bfd session {all | static | discriminator discr-value | dynamic | peerip { default-ip | peer-ip [ vpn-instance vpn-instance-name ] } | static-auto } [ verbose ] : View information about the BFD session.
- **display bfd statistics**: Check global BFD statistics.
- display bfd statistics session { all | static | dynamic | discriminator discr-value | peer-ip default-ip | peer-ip [ vpn-instance vpn-name ] | static-auto }: Check BFD session statistics.

### **Troubleshooting**

BFD Session Cannot Become Up

#### Common causes

Common causes are as follows:

- The link detected by the BFD session is faulty. As a result, BFD packets cannot be exchanged.
- The BFD session frequently flaps.

#### **Procedure**

- Run display current-configuration configuration bfd to check whether the local and remote discriminators at both ends of the BFD session match.
  - If local and remote discriminators at both ends match, go to b.

- If the local and remote discriminators at both ends do not match, run discriminator to configure the local and remote discriminators of the BFD session, and then run display bfd session all to check whether the BFD session is Up.
  - If the value of the **State** field is **Up**, the BFD session has been established.
  - o If the value of the **State** field is not **Up**, go to **b**.
- b. Run **display current-configuration configuration bfd** to check whether the BFD detection time is longer than the delay before the BFD session becomes Up.

Detection time = Received Detect Multi of the remote system x Max (Local RMRI/Received DMTI)

**Detect Multi** is the local detection multiplier, which is configured by running the **detect-multiplier** command. The **Required Min Rx Interval** (**RMRI**) is the minimum interval for receiving BFD packets, which is configured by running the **min-rx-interval** command. The **Desired Min Tx Interval** (**DMTI**) is the minimum interval for sending BFD packets, which is configured by running the **min-tx-interval** command.

The link delay can be obtained using the **ping** or **tracert** command.

If the BFD detection time is shorter than the delay before the BFD session becomes Up, run **detect-multiplier**, **min-rx-interval**, and **min-tx-interval** to increase the BFD detection time to be longer than the delay.

BFD Detection Result Affects Forwarding on an Interface

#### Common causes

The BFD session is associated with the interface status.

#### **Procedure**

- a. Run **display interface interface-type interface-number** to check the status of the interface bound to the BFD session.
  - If the value of **Line protocol current state** is **UP**, the interface status is affected by the BFD session status. When the BFD session detects a link fault, the interface enters the **BFD status down** state. Go to 2.
  - If the value of **Line protocol current state** is **Up** but the interface cannot forward packets, the forwarding module is working normally.
- Run display bfd session all to view the BFD session status.
   If the BFD session is Down, go to 3.
- c. Run display current-configuration configuration bfd-session to check the BFD session configuration and check whether the process-interface-status command is configured.
  - If the **process-interface-status** command is configured, the interface enters the **DOWN (BFD status down)** state when the BFD session detects a link fault and enters the **Down** state. As a result, the interface cannot forward packets.
- Modified BFD Parameters Do Not Take Effect

#### **Common causes**

The configuration is not committed after BFD session parameters are modified.

#### 

Saving the results of each troubleshooting step is recommended. If your troubleshooting fails to correct the fault, you will have a record of your actions to provide Huawei technical support personnel.

#### **Procedure**

Run **display current-configuration configuration bfd-session** to check the BFD session configuration and check whether the **commit** command is configured.

If the **commit** command is configured, the modified BFD parameters are committed.

If the **commit** command is not used, the modified BFD parameters are not committed. Run **commit** to commit the configuration.

# 3 Leased Line

# 3.1 How Long Does It Take to Establish Connectivity Between an On-premises Data Center and the Cloud?

Generally, this depends on how long it takes the carrier to deploy the leased line, which depends where your on-premises data center is located and on the Direct Connect location you select.

- If your on-premises data center and location are in different cities, it will take three to four months.
- If your on-premises data center and location are in the same city, it will take two to three months.

# 3.2 How Do I Select a Carrier When Purchasing a Connection?

- 1. Confirm which carriers are available at the Direct Connect location you select. Different locations may have different carriers available.
- 2. Select the one that best meets your requirements based on their price, network performance, and other features.

# 3.3 What Should I Consider When Connecting My On-Premises Data Center to the Cloud Using Direct Connect?

Consider the following when you connect your on-premises data center to the cloud using Direct Connect:

- **Port speed**: Direct Connect supports 1GE, 10GE, 40GE, and 100GE single-mode optical ports. (Single fiber access is not supported.)
- **Connection type**: You can create standard connections or request hosted connections.

- A standard connection has a dedicated port for your exclusive use and can be associated with multiple virtual interfaces.
- If you request a hosted connection from a partner, you share a port with other users, and you can create only one virtual interface for your connection. The partner allocates the required VLAN and bandwidth for your connection.
- **How a port is ordered**: You can request a self-service connection or a full-service connection.
  - Self-service connection: Huawei Cloud only provides the port. You need to create a connection on the console, lease a line from a carrier, and use the line to connect your on-premises data center to the Direct Connect location you have selected.
  - Full-service connection: You only need to create a connection on the console, and Huawei Cloud will complete all operations required for network connectivity.
- **Routing mode**: There are static routing and BGP routing.
  - Static routes are configured for access to the cloud over the connection.
  - BGP is used for more flexible and efficient access.

# 4 Interconnection with the Cloud

# 4.1 Can I Access the Same VPC over Multiple Connections?

Yes.

To do so, you need to create multiple virtual interfaces, and select the same virtual gateway but different connections for each virtual interface.

### 4.2 How Do I Plan the CIDR Blocks for a Connection?

- The CIDR block of the VPC, the CIDR block of the local and remote gateways, and the CIDR block used by the on-premises network cannot conflict with each other.
- To avoid conflicts with cloud service addresses, do not use 127.0.0.0/8, 169.254.0.0/16, 224.0.0.0/3 or 100.64.0.0/10 for your on-premises network.

# 4.3 What Should I Consider When I Use Direct Connect to Access the Cloud?

- Connection reliability: At least two connections are terminated at different locations to work as backup for each other.
- Bandwidth and port specifications: Select a 1GE port if the bandwidth of the leased line is 1 Gbit/s or lower. Select a 10GE, 40GE, or 100GE port if the bandwidth ranges from 1 Gbit/s to 100 Gbit/s.
- Port type: You can use an optical port or an electrical port. If you want to use an optical port, consider compatibility with optical modules at both ends, including the transmission distance and device brand.

## 4.4 Does Direct Connect Support NAT?

No.

During hybrid cloud networking, plan different IP address ranges for the cloud and your premises. If IP address ranges conflict, use NAT for your on-premises network.

# 4.5 Can the VLAN of the On-premises Network Be Used in the VPC Through Direct Connect?

No.

On-premises networks can only communicate with the cloud at Layer 3.

# 4.6 Can My On-Premises Data Center Access Multiple VPCs Through One Connection?

Yes. You can use either of the following methods to access multiple VPCs, depending on the type of your connection:

- If you use a standard connection, you can create multiple virtual gateways and virtual interfaces to access different VPCs.
- If you have a hosted connection, you can only create one virtual interface and virtual gateway, and you can set up VPC Peering connections to connect the VPC associated with your virtual gateway to the VPCs you want to access.

# 4.7 Can Direct Connect Be Used with Similar Services of Other Cloud Service Providers?

Yes.

Direct Connect can be used together with similar services provided by other cloud service providers.

# 5 Networking and Scenarios

## 5.1 Can Multiple Connections Access the Same VPC?

Yes.

To do so, you need to create multiple virtual interfaces, and select the same virtual gateway but different connections for each virtual interface.

# 5.2 Can My On-Premises Data Center Access Multiple VPCs Through One Connection?

Yes. You can use either of the following methods to access multiple VPCs, depending on the type of your connection:

- Standard connection: You can create multiple virtual gateways and virtual interfaces to associate with different VPCs.
- If you have a hosted connection, you can only create one virtual interface and virtual gateway, and you can set up VPC Peering connections to connect the VPC associated with your virtual gateway to the VPCs you want to access.

# 5.3 Can Direct Connect Be Used with Similar Services of Other Cloud Service Providers?

Yes.

Direct Connect can be used together with similar services provided by other cloud service providers.

# 5.4 Can I Limit the Bandwidth Available on Each Hosted Connection?

Yes.

Hosted connections share the bandwidth of an operations connection, and the rate can be limited on your end or on the end user's device.

### 5.5 How Do I Plan the VPCs for a New Connection?

You have already connected your on-premises network to a VPC using a connection. To connect to a new VPC using a new connection, you need to perform the following operations:

- 1. Delete the virtual interface and virtual gateway created for the VPC in sequence.
  - a. Delete the virtual interface.
  - b. Delete the virtual gateways.
- 2. To connect to the new VPC, you need to create a virtual gateway and virtual interface for this VPC, and associate them with the new connection.
  - a. Create a virtual gateway.
  - b. Create a virtual interface.



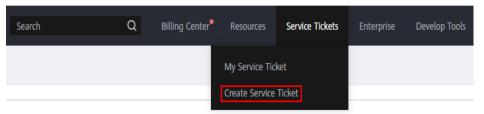
The preceding operations will interrupt network connectivity.

# 6 Related Console Operations

### 6.1 How Do I Submit a Service Ticket?

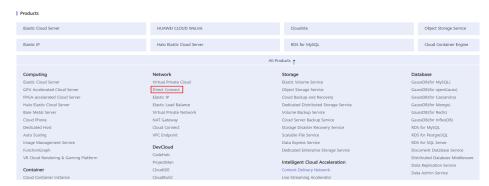
- 1. Log in to the management console.
- 2. In the upper right corner, choose **Service Tickets** > **Create Service Ticket**.

Figure 6-1 Service Tickets



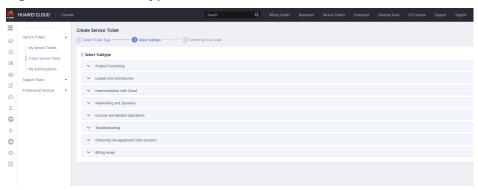
3. Choose More Products, and click Direct Connect under Network.

Figure 6-2 Direct Connect



4. Select the service ticket type.

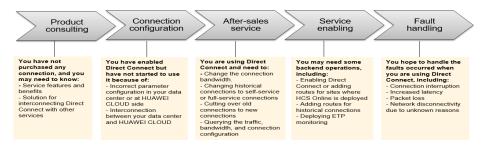
Figure 6-3 Select Subtype



#### **Ⅲ** NOTE

When you **submit a service ticket**, selecting a ticket type can accelerate problem handling.

Figure 6-4 Ticket types



### 6.2 How Can I Unsubscribe from Direct Connect?

#### Scenario

If you do not need to use a self-service connection any longer, you can unsubscribe from it.

#### ■ NOTE

You can only unsubscribe from connections that are in the **Normal** state. If a connection is being created, you can unsubscribe from it after the connection is created.

# 6.3 What Parameters Can Be Modified After I Have Created a Virtual Interface?

You can modify the name, bandwidth, remote subnet, and description.

To modify the VLAN, local gateway, and remote gateway, you need to delete the virtual interface and create a new one.

# 6.4 Do I Need to Delete the Virtual Gateway and Virtual Interface Before Deleting a Hosted Connection?

Yes. You need to delete the virtual interface associated with the hosted connection before deleting the hosted connection.

However, you can keep the virtual gateway and associate it with other hosted connections later.

### 6.5 How Do I Change the Routing Mode of a Connection?

Delete the virtual interface associated with the connection and create another virtual interface. Select the routing mode you want when you create the virtual interface.



Deleting the original virtual interface will interrupt network connectivity of the connection, which will be resumed after you associate the new virtual interface with the connection.

#### 6.6 How Do I Delete a Hosted Connection?

#### Scenario

If you do not need to use a hosted connection, contact your partner to delete it.

#### **Procedure**

- 1. Go to the **Connections** page.
- 2. In the upper left corner of the page, click 💟 and select a region and project.
- 3. In the operations connection list, locate the operations connection that the hosted connection depends on and click **Manage Hosted Connection** in the **Operation** column.
- 4. In the hosted connection list, locate the hosted connection you want to delete and click **Delete** in the **Operation** column.
- 5. In the displayed dialog box, click **OK**.

### 6.7 What Is the BGP ASN Used by Huawei Cloud?

The BGP ASN of Huawei Cloud ranges from 1 to 4294967295. Generally, the BGP ASN of Huawei Cloud is 64512 by default.

For details, see Table 6-1.

**Table 6-1** Default BGP ASNs in different Huawei Cloud regions

Region	Default Value
Direct Connect locations except some in the CN North-Beijing1 and AP-Bangkok regions	64512
CN North-Beijing1	65533
AP-Bangkok	The BGP ASN of some Direct Connect locations is 65535 by default. For details, contact the Direct Connect manager.

# 6.8 What Are Local and Remote Gateways (Interconnection IP Addresses)?

- The local gateway provides an IP address used by the cloud to connect to your on-premises network. After you configure **Local Gateway** on the console, the IP address will be automatically delivered to the gateway used by the cloud.
- The remote gateway provides an IP address used by the on-premises data center to connect to the cloud. After you configure **Remote Gateway** on the console, you need to configure the IP address on the interface of the onpremises device.

#### **<u>A</u>** CAUTION

The local and remote gateways must be in the same IP address range. You need to plan this IP address range by yourself. This IP address range cannot conflict with that used by your on-premises network. Generally, a subnet with a 30-bit mask is recommended.

FAQ 7 Troubleshooting

# Troubleshooting

### 7.1 What Are Common Troubleshooting Methods for Direct Connect?

#### **Connectivity Issues**

If network connectivity is abnormal after you have connected the leased line to the endpoint device, perform the following steps to locate the fault:

- Verify that the network device is connected correctly, auto-negotiation is disabled for the optical port, and the port speed and full-duplex mode are configured correctly.
- 2. Verify that optical signals can be normally transmitted and received.

#### **Network Issues**

If the connection fails to work normally after you created a virtual interface to connect your on-premises network to the loud, perform the following steps to locate the fault:

- 1. Verify that the local gateway can be pinged from the remote gateway and that the VLAN of the intermediate device is configured correctly.
- 2. Verify that IP addresses of the local and remote gateways are in the same CIDR block and are configured on the VLAN sub-interfaces.
- 3. If static routing is used, verify that the next hop or outbound interface of the static route is configured correctly.
- 4. If BGP routing is used, verify that:
  - BGP ASN, BGP MD5 authentication key, and BGP peer IP address are configured correctly.
  - BGP ASNs on both gateways are different.
  - There are no more than 100 BGP routes propagated through the virtual interface.
  - There are no rules for prohibiting TCP port 179 or dynamic TCP ports.

#### **Routing Issues**

If static routes have been delivered for the virtual interface or a BGP peer relationship has been established, perform the following steps to locate the fault:

- 1. Verify that the routes between your gateway and your on-premises network are reachable.
- 2. Verify that the routes to your on-premises network are propagated and correctly configured in the remote subnet of the virtual interface, and that BGP routes are used to route traffic to your on-premises network if you select BGP routing.
- 3. Verify that the VPC CIDR block is correctly configured on the virtual gateway.
- 4. Verify that the security group and network ACL rules allow inbound and outbound traffic.

### 7.2 How Do I Test the Network Connectivity Between a Location and the Cloud?

To test network connectivity between the location you select and the cloud, add the CIDR block where the local and remote gateways reside to the remote subnet you configure when creating the virtual interface, and then ping the IP address of the local gateway from a VM on the cloud.

If the test fails, check whether:

- The VM is in the VPC associated with the virtual gateway.
- The VM IP address is within the local subnet configured when you create the virtual gateway.
- Security group rules and network ACL rules of the VM allow traffic from the VM to the local gateway configured for the virtual interface.

8 Billing

#### 8.1 How Will I Be Billed for Direct Connect?

You can create a standard connection, which will give you exclusive access to the port. You can also request a hosted connection from a partner and share the port with other users.

#### **Billed Items**

#### Standard connection

The following figure shows the items that you need to pay for a standard connection.

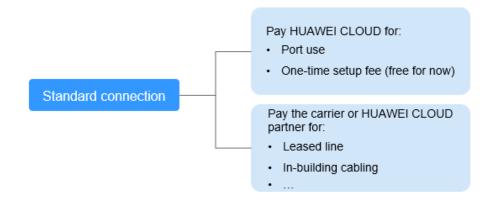


Table 8-1 Standard connection pricing

Payee	Billed Item	Description	Payment Method
Huawei Cloud	Port	The port is billed based on its specifications.	Prepaid (yearly/ monthly subscription)

Payee	Billed Item	Description	Payment Method
	One-time setup	Currently, the one-time setup is free.	-
Carrier or Huawei Cloud	Leased line	To connect your on-premises data center to the cloud, you need to lease a line from a carrier.	-
partner	In-building cabling	A fiber may be required for connecting your leased line to the equipment room at the Direct Connect location you select if the data center at the Direct Connect location is a carrier-neutral data center. You pay to the property of the neutral data center.	-

#### • Hosted connection

If you request a hosted connection from a Huawei Cloud partner, you share the port with other users and do not need to pay for one-time setup and the port to Huawei Cloud.

The following figure shows the billed items of a hosted connection.

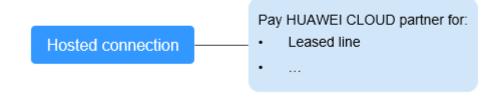


Table 8-2 Hosted connection billing details

Payee	Billed Item	Description	Payment Method
Carrier or Huawei Cloud partner	Leased line	Your partner has established network connectivity with Huawei Cloud. You need to pay for the leased line to the partner.	-

For details, see **Product Pricing Details**.

#### **Billing Mode**

Yearly/Monthly

FAQ 8 Billing

#### Changing Billing Mode

Only Yearly/Monthly billing is supported, and it cannot be changed.

#### Renewal

For details, see Renewal Management.

#### **Expiration and Overdue Payment**

For details, see **Service Suspension and Resource Release** and **Payment and Repayment**.

### 8.2 Can I Renew My Connections?

Yes. You can perform the following operations to renew a connection:

- 1. Log in to the management console.
- 2. In the service list, choose **Networking** > **Direct Connect**.
- 3. In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Direct Connect > Connections**.
- 4. Locate the connection you want to renew and choose **More** > **Renew** in the **Operation** column.
- 5. Set the duration that you want to renew the connection and click **Pay**. Then pay the order as prompted.

#### 8.3 How Can I Unsubscribe from Direct Connect?

- 1. Log in to the management console.
- 2. In the service list, choose **Networking** > **Direct Connect**.
- 3. In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Direct Connect > Connections**.
- 4. Locate the connection that you want to unsubscribe from and choose **More** > **Unsubscribe** in the **Operation** column.
- 5. Locate the target connection and click **Unsubscribe from Resource** in the **Operation** column.
- 6. On the **Unsubscribe** page, select the reason for unsubscription, confirm the refund amount, and select **I understand a handling fee will be charged for this unsubscription**.
- 7. Click Confirm.

### 8.4 Is a Connection Still Available After Being Frozen?

After a connection expires, it is frozen and cannot be used. If you renew a frozen connection, it will become available again.

If you do not renew the connection within a certain amount of time, it will be deleted, and can no longer be renewed.

# 8.5 Can I Unsubscribe from a Connection in the Creating State?

No.

You can only unsubscribe from connections that are in the Normal state.

## 8.6 Can I Change the Port Type After a Connection Is Created?

No. The port type cannot be changed after a connection is created.

There are four port types: 1GE, 10GE, 40GE, and 100GE. If you expand or reduce the capacity of a port, the connection price will be changed. In this case, you need to unsubscribe from the connection and request a new one.

#### **Helpful Links**

- Creating a Connection
- Unsubscribing from a Connection

### **Resource Monitoring**

# 9.1 How Do I Monitor the Network Quality of a Direct Connect Connection?

The network quality of connections is monitored using two plug-ins, and there are two key metrics: network latency and packet loss rate.

Direct Connect provides two monitoring plug-ins:

- dc-nqa-collector: monitors the connections requested on the Direct Connect console.
- history-dc-nga-collector: monitors historical connections.

For details, see Installing Direct Connect Metric Collection Plug-ins.

Table 9-1 Network quality metrics

Metric	Metric Name	Meaning	Value Range	Monitored Object	Monitorin g Interval
latency	Latency	Network latency of data transmissio n over a connection Unit: ms	≥ 0 ms	Connection s and historical connection s	1 minute

Metric	Metric Name	Meaning	Value Range	Monitored Object	Monitorin g Interval
packet_loss _rate	Packet Loss Rate	Rate of packets lost during data transmissio n over a connection Unit: Percentage	0-100%	Connection s and historical connection s	1 minute

### 9.2 What Are Direct Connect Metrics?

#### **Function**

Use the management console or call APIs provided by Cloud Eye to query the metrics of the monitored objects and alarms generated for Direct Connect.

#### Namespace

SYS.DCAAS

#### **Metrics**

**Table 9-2** Direct Connect metrics

Metric	Metric Name	Meaning	Value Range	Monitored Object	Monitoring Interval
network_inc oming_bits_ rate	Network Incoming Bandwidth	Bit rate for inbound data to the Direct Connect side of a connection Unit: bit/s	≥ 0 bits/s	Connections and historical connections	1 minute
network_ou tgoing_bits_ rate	Network Outgoing Bandwidth	Bit rate for outbound data from the Direct Connect side of a connection Unit: bit/s	≥ 0 bits/s	Connections and historical connections	1 minute

Metric	Metric Name	Meaning	Value Range	Monitored Object	Monitoring Interval
network_inc oming_byte s	Networ k Incomi ng Traffic	Number of bytes for inbound data to the Direct Connect side of a connection Unit: byte	≥ 0 bytes	Connections and historical connections	1 minute
network_ou tgoing_byte s	Networ k Outgoi ng Traffic	Number of bytes for outbound data from the Direct Connect side of a connection Unit: byte	≥ 0 bytes	Connections and historical connections	1 minute
network_inc oming_pack ets_rate	Networ k Incomi ng Packet Rate	Packet rate for inbound data to the Direct Connect side of a connection Unit: Packet/s	≥ 0 packet s/s	Connections and historical connections	1 minute
network_ou tgoing_pack ets_rate	Networ k Outgoi ng Packet Rate	Packet rate for outbound data from the Direct Connect side of a connection Unit: Packet/s	≥ 0 packet s/s	Connections and historical connections	1 minute
network_inc oming_pack ets	Networ k Incomi ng Packets	Number of packets for inbound data to the Direct Connect side of a connection Unit: Packet	≥ 0 packet s	Connections and historical connections	1 minute
network_ou tgoing_pack ets	Networ k Outgoi ng Packets	Number of packets for outbound data from the Direct Connect side of a connection Unit: Packet	≥ 0 packet s	Connections and historical connections	1 minute

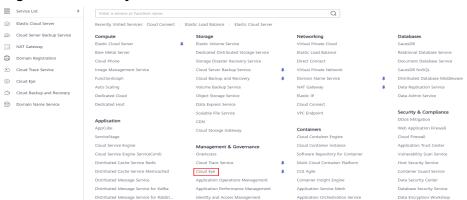
#### **Dimensions**

Key	Value
direct_connect_id	Connection
history_direct_conne ct_id	Historical connection

#### 9.3 How Can I View Direct Connect Metrics?

- 1. Log in to the management console.
- 2. On the console homepage, click  $\bigcirc$  in the upper left corner and select the desired region and project.
- 3. In the service list, choose **Management & Governance** > **Cloud Eye**.

Figure 9-1 Cloud Eye



- 4. In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Cloud Service Monitoring > Direct Connect**.
- 5. Click **View Metric** in the **Operation** column.

You can view data of the last 1, 3, 12, or 24 hours, or last 7 days.

10 Quota

### 10.1 What Are Resource Quotas of Direct Connect?

The following table lists the quotas of connections, virtual gateways, and virtual interfaces.

Resource	Default Quota	How to Increase Quota
Number of connections that can be created by an account in each region	10	Submit a service ticket.
Number of virtual gateways that can be created by an account in each region	5	Submit a service ticket.
Number of virtual interfaces that can be created by an account in each region	50	Submit a service ticket.
Number of local subnets for a virtual gateway	50	Increasing the quota is not allowed.
Number of routes for BGP sessions on a virtual interface	100	Submit a service ticket.
Number of remote subnets for a virtual interface	50	Submit a service ticket.

□ NOTE

For details about how to view or increase the quota, see Quotas.

# 10.2 How Many Hosted Connections Can a Partner Create on an Operations Connection?

A partner can create a up to 1,000 hosted connections on an operations connection.

■ NOTE

The bandwidth of all hosted connections cannot exceed that of the operations connection.

#### **Helpful Links**

- Operations Connections
- Hosted Connections